

Big Data

How Big Data is changing our World...

Varadero, Cuba Oct 18th, 2017

Elín Martínez Sr IT Business Executive Manager LATAM



- XaaS Cloud Strategy
- Data Center Solutions
- IT Business Models
- Business Consulting
- Marketing Competition
- Information Lifecycle Management

Elín Martínez



Senior Regional IT Executive Manager

Senior IT Executive with 18+ years of experience within the IT industry helping companies to transform their businesses though the application of new technologies and best practices. His engagement into the Cloud Computing, Data Centers, Financial and Government Digital Transformations and Business Consulting practices has provided to Mr Martinez a strong experience on defining ICT solution strategies with proven business differentiators to his customers. Mr Martinez's main target: Positioning technology as a business partner instead of a costly investment.

Worldwide & International Keynote Speaker and Panellist at Gartner USA, CeBIT Germany, Futurecom and CIAB FeBraBan Brazil, DCC Summit and Data Center Dynamics across Latin America countries. EBG IT support and guidance for 26 countries with more than 15 years of cross-cultural experience in Asia, European and LATAM.

Relevant Experience

- 2014 Present. Sr Regional IT Executive Manager Huawei LATAM
- 2007 2014. Sr Advisory Consultant /IT Transformation Champion EMC2 LATAM
- 2000 2007. Infrastructure and Processes Consultant General Electric USA
- 1999 2000. Infrastructure and Systems Admin. Mexican Government

Credential & Communication Skills

Executive MBA (ITAM, Mexico) – Graduated with Special Mention Master on Global Management (Tulane University, US) – GPA 4

Over 16 World-wide company recognitions:

9 VoC (General Electric) from 2001-2007, Platinum Player and Excellence Award (EMC 2) from 2007-2014, 2 times Future Star and 3 Times Gold Medal Awards (Huawei) from 2014 - Present

Data Center Professional, Specialist and Operations Management Certified

ITIL Practitioner Certified

Spanish, English and Portuguese





Data is the new oil. Data is just like crude. It's valuable, but if unrefined, it cannot really be used ...

Why Big Data?





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BIG, BIGGER, BIGGEST...

Source: IDC Digital Universe Study, May 2015

20%



80%



Where Does Big Data Come From?



30 billion RFID tags until

now (1.3 billion in 2015)





Hundreds of millions of devices that support GPS sold each year

Over 3

billion netizens at the end of 2014

Social data

Over 25 TB
of log data
generated each day

76 million smart instruments in 2009...
200 million smart instruments in 2014

Machine data

Where Big Data can be applied?

What benefits should I foreseen?



National Vision

Poverty reduction

Harmony Creation

Country Modernization

Government Transformation

Social & Economical

Modern Agriculture

- 1. Water savings
- 2. Energy savings
- 3. Weed and disease reduction
- 4. Improved production on marginal land

Modern Industry

- 1. Improved productivity and higher valueadded in firms
- Agile responsibility according to market requirement
- 3. Sustainable industry transformation

Modern Service

- 1. Platform-as-a-Service will eliminate barrier for new services
- 2. Online-to-Offline model will reform the commerce of the country

Human and cultural



e-Education

- 1. Sharing experience from excellent teacher with high quality courseware
- 2. Centralized teaching management and assessment

e-Health

- Boundary-less sharing of complete
 EMRs, achieving scientific, accurate, and
 in-time treatment
- 2. Patient-oriented front-desk improves the healthcare efficiency



Safe-City

- 1. Reduce crime with All-around Prevention
- 2. Improve detection rate by Accurate Combating
- Shorten Response Time with efficient command center

Political and administrative



E-Administration

- 1. Improving government processing
- 2. Cutting process cost
- 3. managing process performance



E-citizens

- Broader remit like talking to citizens, listen to citizens
- 2. Improving public services



E-Society

- 1. Working better with business,
- 2. Developing communities
- 3. Building partnership within the country

Connected Environment, Shared Information

Reliable, Efficient, Sustainable and Secure ICT Infrastructure

Why Big Data





1. Cost Reduction

Can bring significant cost advantages when storing large amounts of data

2. Faster, better decision making

With the proper engine speed and in-memory analytics, a solution is able to analyze information immediately and make better decisions based on the result.

3. New products and services

With big data analytics, more companies are creating new products to meet customers' needs.

Where Big Data plays in a transformation? Strategic Pillar





Cloud:

DC² + Big Data

Software-defined, hardware reconfiguration, business-driven, and data innovation

Pipe:

Low-latency, high-concurrency, and agile networks

5G and agile network

Device:

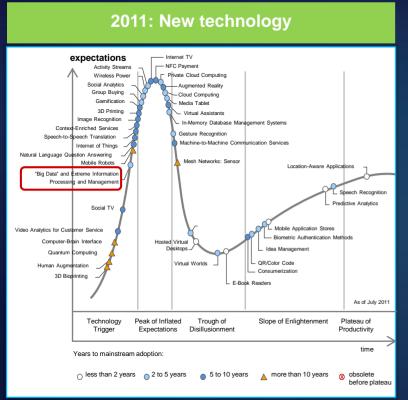
Smart IoT gateway

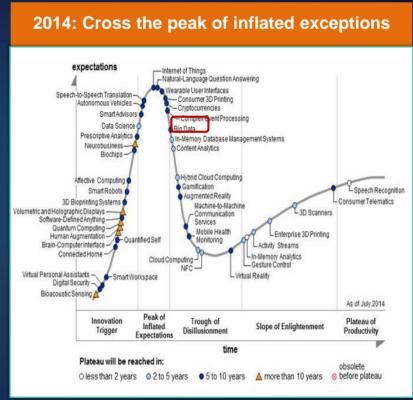


Big Data Trends



Overcoming disillusionment and becoming mature for large-scale commercial use







50% of the enterprises have invested in and used big data, 33% of the enterprises are planning to use and continuously invest in Big Data to gradually promote the development of the Big Data industry.

Cloud computing and Big Data are no longer displayed in the 2015 chart, indicating that they are not emerging technologies any more but become mainstream ones.

Big Data has crossed the peak of inflated exceptions and entered the practice and rapid development stage.

Big Data Integration into National Strategies

Transparency and Open

Government by President

making and supervision.

Barack Obama's

administration



USA



2009 2013

• Data to Knowledge to Action by the White House, an important initiative for the United States to move to digital administration, economy, city, and national defense

• Big Data: Seizing Opportunities, Preserving Values by Executive Office of the President, focusing on how the public and private sectors can maximize the benefits of Big Data while minimizing its risks

2014

2013

•



- G8 Open Data Charter by the G8, focusing on speeding up data openness and utilization
- A European strategy on the data value chain advocated by the European Union, aiming to use Big Data to reconstruct conventional governing modes, reducing public sectors' costs while promoting growth in economy and employment
- Seizing the data opportunity: A strategy for UK data capability by the UK government, aiming to fully utilize business value created by data to boost economic growth, and promising core databases in traffic, weather, and medical care to be available before 2015
- Declaration to be the World's Most Advanced IT Nation by the Abe Cabinet, aiming to develop IT national strategies centralized on open Big Data



2015

China



- At the two conferences (NPC and CPPCC) held in March 2015, Premier Li Keqiang made it clear that governments should make non-confidential data as open as possible to make the data better serve the public and facilitate governments' decision-
- Executive Meetings of the State Council held on June 17, focus on using Big Data to optimize government services and supervision capabilities while improving administrative efficiencies, and developing government Big Data to remove barriers between various units, improve government efficiencies, overturn conventional thinking modes, and accelerate the move towards the smart government.

Major economies around the globe have already integrated data openness into their national strategies to boost economic developments in the future. In addition, the Chinese government starts to deploy the Big Data industry from the very top.

Big Data Characteristics: Four Vs





Variety

- Various sources: enterprises, Internet, and IoT
- Various formats: structured data and unstructured data such as audios, images, and videos



Velocity

- Rapid growth: The amount of data is growing at an unprecedented speed. IDC expects the data volume to be 50 times larger in the next 10 years.
- Rapid process speed: Data must be quickly identified and processed to fit service needs.



Volume

- Large storage volume: various types of data, most of which contains PB-level (1024 TB) information
- Large computing volume: Massive data sets must be extracted and analyzed in real time.



Value

Data even though sporadic can generate surprisingly large value.

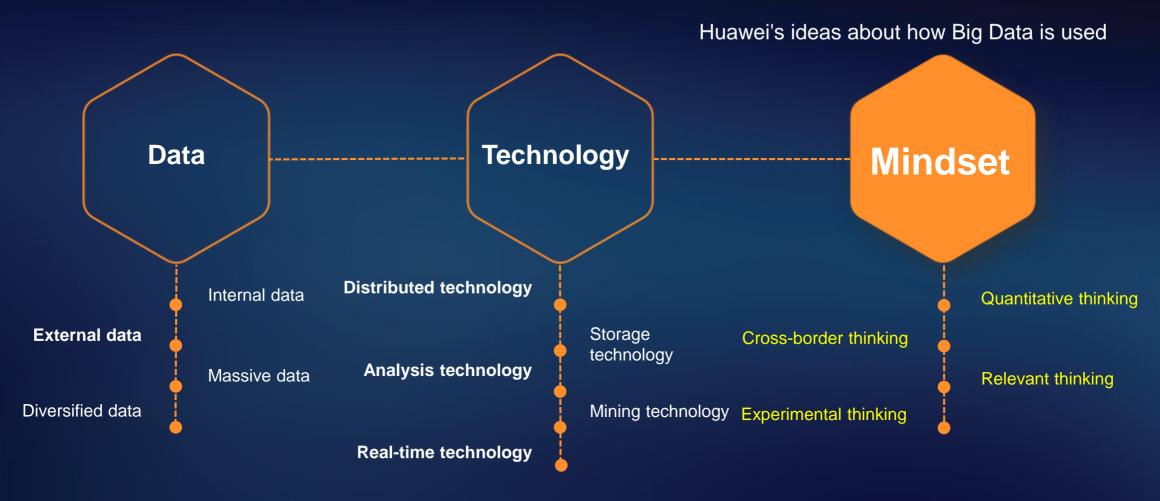
Gartner:

Big Data is high-volume, high-velocity and/or high-variety information assets that demand cost-effective, innovative forms of information processing that enable enhanced insight, decision making, and process automation.

The four Vs of Big Data determine difficulties in tapping into data value while indicating great potential business opportunities ascribed to data.

Huawei's Understanding of Big Data





Big Data requires the change of conventional thinking patterns. Data collection and analysis become critical components of the business process, which is intelligent as well as optimized and automated by drawing strength from data. Data assets enable cross-border expansion.

Changing conventional thinking patterns is a key for transformations in traditional fields!

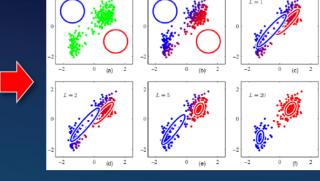
Big Data vs. Conventional BI Analysis

HUAWEI

Full Data, Multi-Dimensional, and Self-Learning

Conventional BI analysis







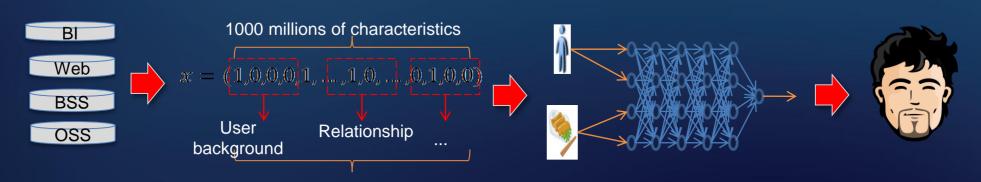
Singular data source

Manual processing with a few characteristics

Simple model with low precision

Low precision with unsatisfactory effect

Big Data analysis



Wide-ranging data sources

Machine learning with full characteristics

Large-scale parameter learning and cross-domain analysis

High precision with satisfactory effect

Evolution Courses of Enterprise Big Data Application

Data Becomes Core Enterprise Assets and Promotes Business Innovations



Business value

Supports business

Reducing costs as a goal
Data management remodeling
Offline analysis
Focusing on queries and reports

Manages enterprises

Focusing on data variety and real-time effectiveness
Providing all types of analysis
Real-time analysis
Data mining
Data security

Financial enterprises and governments step from phase I to phase II.

Guides decision making

Operation data
Data as a service
Analysis as a service
Open data

Industry-leading financial institutes and telecom carriers step from phase II to phase III.

Fosters innovations

Cognitive computing

Depth computing

Internet-based companies enter this phase.

- 1. Constructs Big Data IT infrastructure.
- 2. Provides simple applications (CDR queries and dedicated analysis).
- 3. Starts Big Data consultation.

- 1. Establishes Big Data platforms and consolidates and analyzes data across fields.
- 2. Connects a variety of internal and external data sources.
- 3. Forms up real-time analytic applications to quickly respond to services.
- 4. Starts to implement data mining and other advanced data analysis.

- 1. Provides data services to the public and combines Big Data with the cloud.
- 2. Flexibly develops various applications and fully protects privacy.
- Implements data-based decision making for enterprises and deeply integrates data mined across industries and fields.

- 1. Builds digital hubs for enterprises.
- 2. Smartens up decision making and O&M.
- 3. Trades and shares information.



Big Data Service Models Government and Public Security Sectors



Service field	Big Data service value					
Intelligence analysis	Traveling record analysis	Accompany accommodation analysis Emergency control	Online behavior analysis	Internet public opinion monitoring	Property analysis	Water and power use analysis
	Event security protection Case statistics	Crime-committing pattern mining	Crime-committing means mining	Call record statistics	Suspect control	Criminal gang monitoring
Case solving	Lead qualification	Case comparison	Suspect monitoring			
Traffic police service	Suspected vehicle analysis	Vehicle tracing analysis	Traffic road update	Suspected vehicle monitoring	Non-local vehicle monitoring	Checkpoint picture analysis
Policeperson office	Archive transfer monitoring	e-archive retrieval	Service processing tracing	Policeperson workload statistics	Report information qualification	Surveillance video retrieval

Path for Governments to Move to

Big Data and Cloud Computing





Now 5 years later

Correlation with IoT

Data Integration, DBs correlation, Real Time results and Analytics

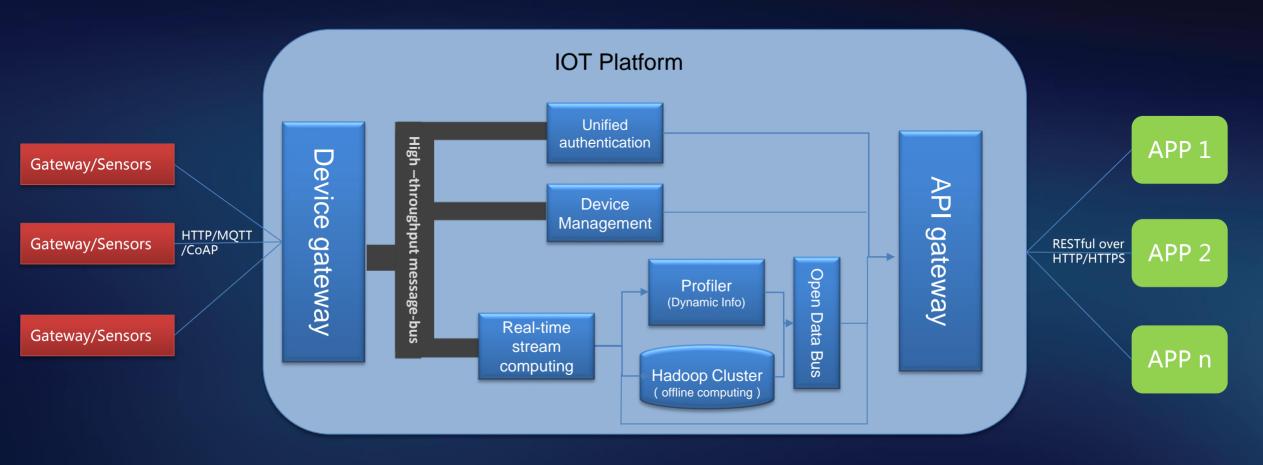
IoT Strategy: 1+2+1





IoT Platform with Big Data Analysis





- •All the messages reported from sensors will be first detected by Stream Computing according to the pre-defined rules and trigger to notifications to destination application when conditions are met.
- Thing's Profile, keeping its dynamic information, will be refreshed when relative reports comes
- All the reports are kept in Hadoop Cluster for future offline analysis.



Big Data Trends and Huawei's Offerings



Data Integration

Data Analytics

Data Intelligence

- 2012

2012 - 2017

2017 -

Map-Reduce

Batch Processing

HDFS

Big Data Platform 1.0

Batch processing In-memory computing Streaming

Unified resource management

Unified data storage

Big Data Platform 2.0

Data Mining,
Machine Learning,
Al

True Real-time

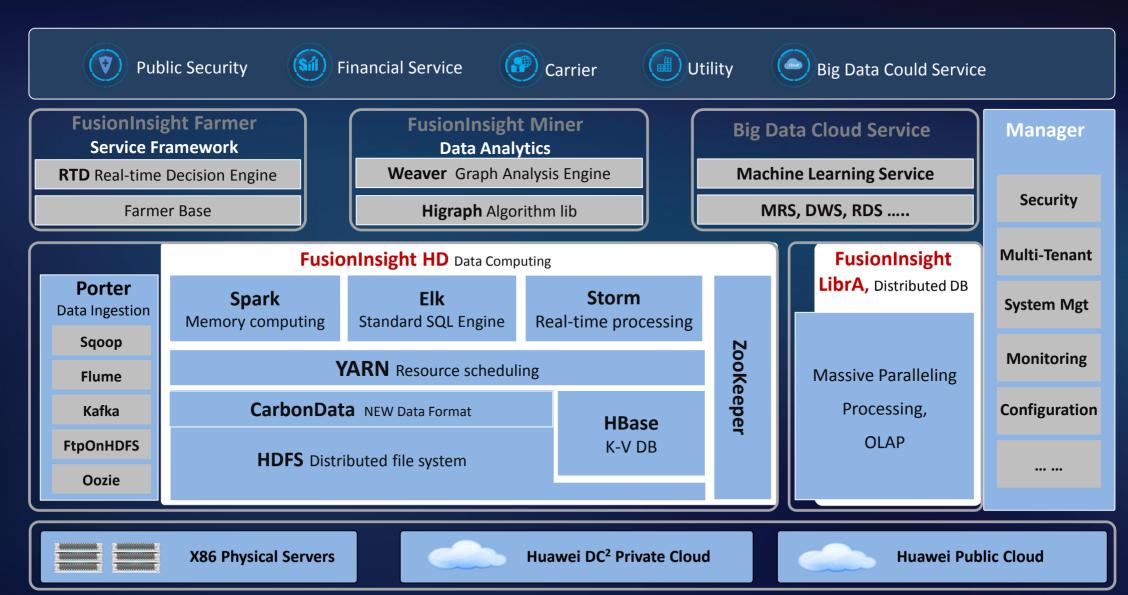
Cloud

Big Data Platform 3.0

Integrated Solution

Open Source based





In Summary



A Transformation solution such as Big Data should have the following considerations:

New Consumption Models

Service Catalogues (product offerings)
Financial Charge and Measure (visibility)
Flexible and Fast Capacity (TTM/TTD)

New Operational Models

Service based roles and responsibilities
Automation (failure detection and orchestration)
Re-defined processes (a more agile business)

New Technology Models

Optimized Connectivity
X as a Service Model (\$xn)
Standardization and Integration (a better life)
Converged Infrastructure (openness/aggregation)

A much competitive and better Society!





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